

Welcome

2022

Wednesday 04 June 2025

www.pensionspolicyinstitute.org.uk

Pension scheme assets – how is asset allocation changing and why?





Event Sponsors Welcome

Zoe Alexander

Director of Policy & Advocacy

PENSIONS AND LIFETIME SAVINGS ASSOCIATION





Chair's Welcome

Chris Curry

Director

Pensions Policy Institute (PPI)

Pensions Policy Institute



Our Vision

Our Mission

Better informed policies and decisions that improve later life outcomes

To promote, evidence-based policies and decisions for financial provision in later life through INDEPENDENT research and analysis.

We believe that better information and understanding will lead to better policy framework and better provision of retirement for all

We aim to be the authoritative voice on policy on pensions and the financial and economic provision in later life

Event overview

The event today is the official launch of the report

Pension scheme assets – how is asset allocation

changing and why?

Sponsored by Phoenix Group and Royal London.





This report, provides an update to the 2024 PPI report 'Pension scheme assets – how they are invested and how and why they change over time'.





Key Findings

Jackie Wells

Research Associate

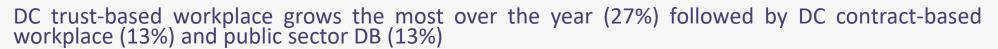
Pensions Policy Institute (PPI)



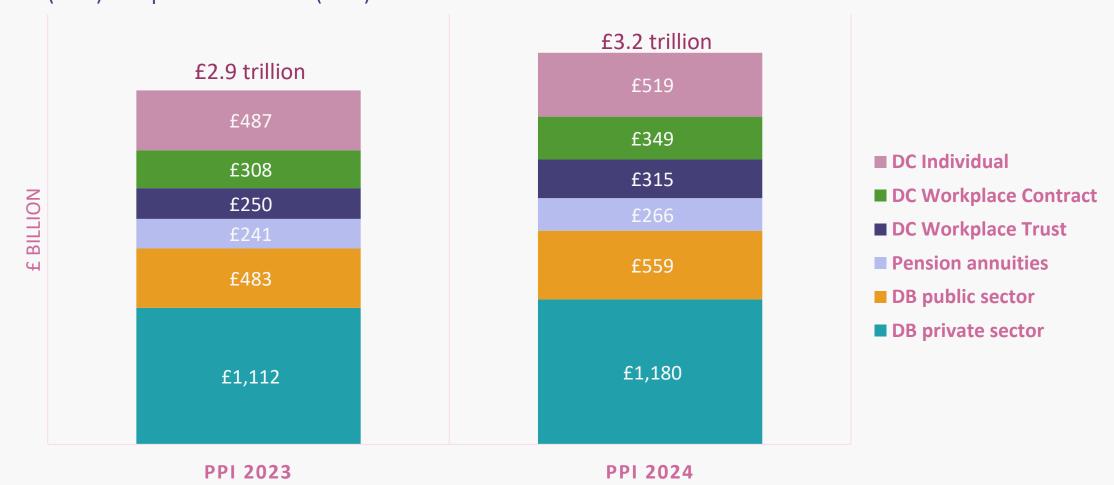


Pension assets increase by 11% to £3.2 trillion

Sept 2023- Sept 2024







PPI estimates based on ONS FSPS and ABI data supplemented with individual company results and PPI assumptions.

Note: Pension annuities figure for 2023 corrected to £237. Previous figure of £296 included bulk buy-ins which are also included in private sector DB. Split remains an estimate.

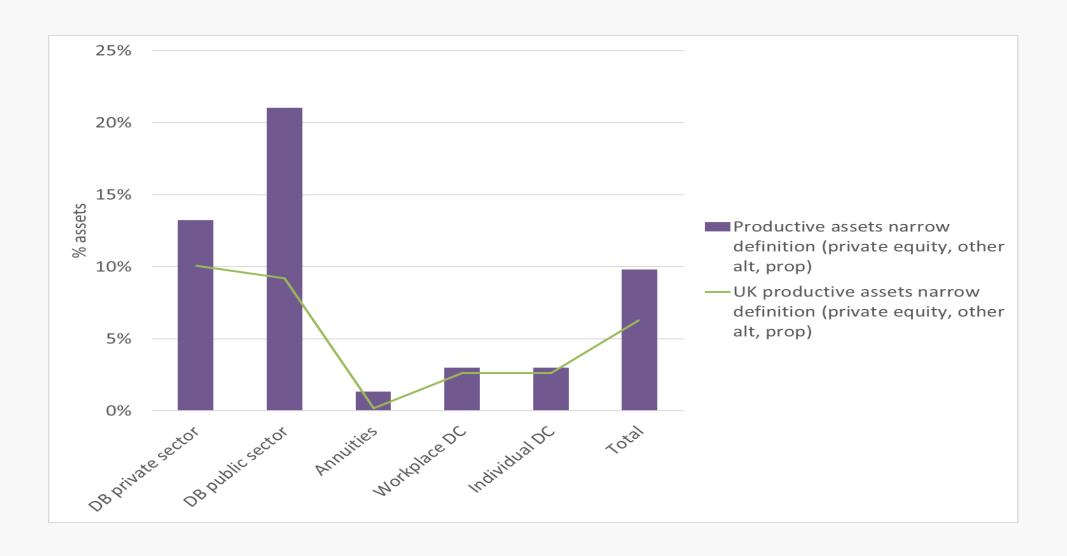
Across the whole sector, less than half in bonds, one third in equities and 10% in alternatives (2024)





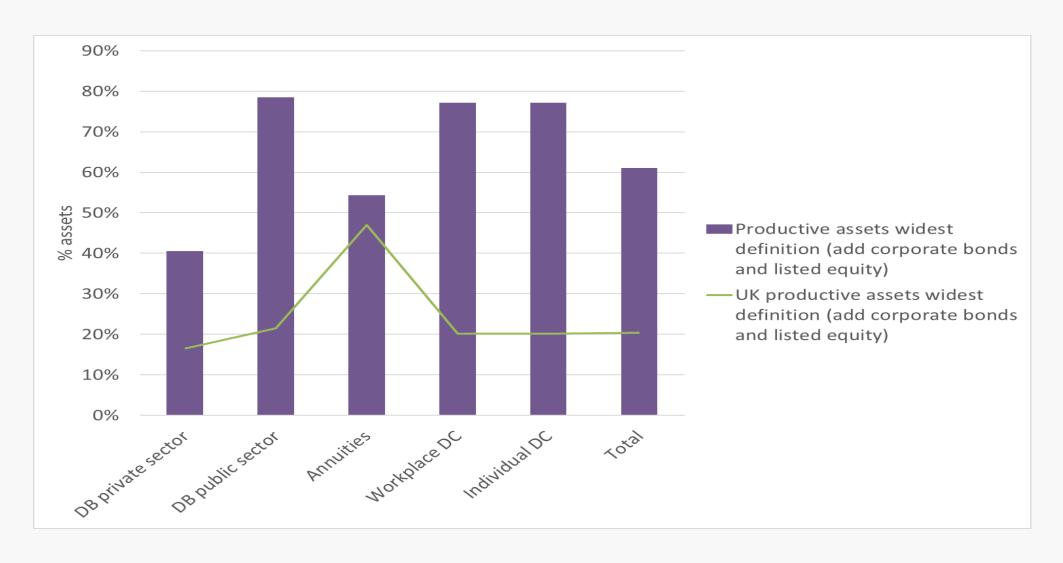
10% funds invested in productive assets on narrow definition, more than half UK





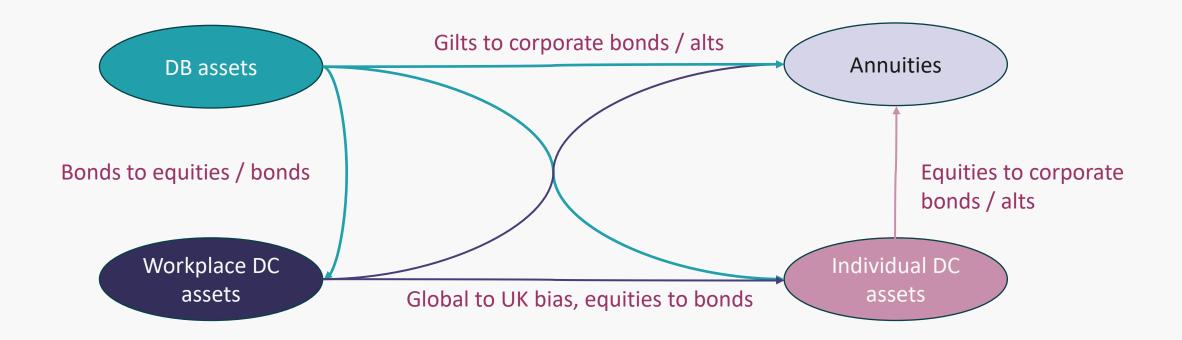
On wider definition, 60% fund invested in productive assets, one-third UK





UK pension transitions affecting overall asset allocation





Investment themes and drivers of 2024/25









The search for diversification and uncorrelated returns

Building scale and Value for Money in Defined Contribution

Investing for social impact

Geo-political instability

Securing the end game in DB

Uncertainty of outcome in LGPS reforms

Scale, diversification and value for money a focus for open schemes



- Large, open DB schemes have long history of diversified assets and have spent many years building up expertise and governance
- Annuity providers expanding their asset base as Solvency UK helps to release funds
- DC schemes and providers building scale beginning to diversify
- Closed DB remain focused on endgame / buy-out

- Diversification can bring high and uncorrelated returns, particularly infrastructure
- Private equity has historically delivered higher returns but views on future returns mixed
- Launch of LTAFs bringing new opportunities, costs and risks to DC members
- Scale critical but VfM could drive homogeneity

Fiduciary and consumer duty remain paramount but social impact resonates



- Securing best risk-adjusted returns remains top priority
- Non-financial impacts also part of decision making
- Open DB, particularly LGPS, have history of local and UK investments
 - Social impact projects such as care homes, social housing, build to rent combine strong returns, social responsibility and improve everyday lives
 - >Impact of LGPS reforms expected to release more for local / regional projects
- Barriers remain for some
 - ➤ Confidence in the pipeline of opportunities
 - ➤ Working with needs of pensions / insurers
 - ➤ Local planning barriers

Will the Government achieve its aim of greater pension support for UK growth?



- UK pensions are already big investors in the UK
- Enthusiasm for investing in UK but tempered by fiduciary and consumer duty and concerns about pipeline and planning
- 2025/26 will be periods of further change for the sector
 - ➤ Pension Schemes Bill,
 - > LGPS consolidation and pooling,
 - > New value for money regulations, DC consolidation
 - ➤ Implementation of the Mansion House Accord.
- All will have consequences for asset allocation and should lead to higher allocations to private markets
- However, other drivers at work including differential growth rates of asset classes, maturity of scheme memberships, geo-political uncertainty.
- Whether or not we can detect this in data will depend very much on the availability of consistent and complete data across the sector, something that remains lacking.

Questions & Answers

Please respect The Chatham House Rule



Connar McBain
Head of Group Public Affairs
Phoenix Group



Jackie Wells Research Associate PPI



David Bateman
DWP



Jamie Jenkins
Director of Policy
Royal London



Pensions Policy Institute

Please state your name and organisation before asking your question



Thank you

To the sponsors of this research report

77 Phoenix



- PLSA for hosting the event
- Jackie Wells, report author
- Chris Curry for chairing the event
- Stuart Gardner Steering Group and Sponsor
- Connar McBain, Steering Group, Sponsor & Panel
- Jamie Jenkins, Panel
- **❖** David Bateman, Panel

Thank you for attending today